

**SOUTHEND-ON-SEA BOROUGH COUNCIL**  
**MINIUMUM REVENUE PROVISION POLICY 2022/23**

**1 Background**

- 1.1 The Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) is an amount to be set aside for the repayment of debt. The Council has a general duty to make an MRP charge to revenue which it considers to be prudent. Full Council has the responsibility to approve an annual MRP policy statement.
- 1.2 The MRP Guidance sets out that such policies may be amended at any time, as long as the Council maintains a prudent approach whilst ensuring any changes are sustainable with regard to the revenue budget. The MRP policy adopted should ensure that revenue provision is made over a period broadly similar to which the asset provides a service.
- 1.3 A policy statement regarding a financial year should be approved before the start that financial year. However, the policy can be revised during the year by the full Council.
- 1.4 Under the regulations capital receipts may be used to repay the principal of any amount borrowed.
- 1.5 The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities guidance on MRP specifies that MRP would not have to be charged until the asset came into service and would begin in the financial year following the one in which the asset became operational.

**2 Duration of the Policy Statement**

- 2.1 This Minimum Revenue Provision Statement covers the 2022/23 financial year.

**3 Minimum Revenue Provision Policy**

- 3.1 For capital expenditure financed by historic supported borrowing:

The amount of MRP chargeable will be calculated on a straight line basis at 2%.

- 3.2 For capital expenditure financed by prudential (unsupported) borrowing from the Public Works Loan Board or from internal borrowing:

The amount of MRP chargeable will be calculated using the annuity method.

The period over which it will be charged will be assessed on a basis which most reasonably reflects the anticipated period of benefit that arises from the expenditure.

The annuity rate which will be applied will be the PWLB rate that most reasonably relates to that financial year.

- 3.3 For capital expenditure financed by prudential (unsupported) borrowing from other financial institutions:

The amount of MRP chargeable will be the amount specified in the repayment schedule of each loan.

- 3.4 No MRP will be applied to:

- 3.4.1 Capital expenditure financed by unsupported borrowing that has been taken out in the short term to bridge the timing difference between anticipated and actual capital receipts.

It is anticipated that capital receipts will be received to repay this borrowing. Therefore no MRP charge is required as there is already a prudent provision for repayment.

- 3.4.2 Capital expenditure financed by borrowing due to a transfer of assets between the GF and HRA where due to the nature of the transfer it is anticipated that capital receipts will be received to repay this borrowing. Therefore no MRP charge is required as there is already a prudent provision for repayment.

- 3.4.3 Capital expenditure financed by unsupported borrowing that has been taken out in the short term to bridge the timing difference between the expenditure being incurred and the budgeted revenue contribution to capital outlay being applied.

It is anticipated that revenue contributions will be received to repay this borrowing. Therefore no MRP charge is required as there is already a prudent provision for repayment.

- 3.4.4 Capital expenditure financed by unsupported borrowing that has been taken out in the short term to bridge the timing gap while grant conditions are being met and therefore the grant being applied to capital expenditure under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

It is anticipated that the grant conditions will be met therefore no MRP charge is required as there is already a prudent provision for repayment.

- 3.5 The amount of MRP chargeable relating to finance leases will be such that the combined impact of the finance charge and MRP is equal to the estimated rentals payable for the year.
- 3.6 If capital receipts are utilised to repay debt in year, the value of MRP chargeable will be reduced by the value of the receipts utilised.
- 3.7 MRP will only be charged in the year following the asset becoming operational.